

## PAVER INSTALLATION

1. Grade and compact sub-base material as specified in the project design.

2. Place and compact gravel base course. Typical depths are 4" to 6" depending on loading conditions.

3. Place and compact sand leveling course beneath pavers. Typical depths are 1" to 1 1/2" compacted and screeded smooth.

4. Install pavers per the project design. Pavers may be placed using slings. After placing pavers and removing slings, nudge pavers into their final position with an excavator. A vacuum lift is also an effective method to set pavers.

5. Place two coats of concrete sealer after paver installation.

6. Curved pavers come standard with textured sides. Three curved pavers in a row can turn a 90° corner, or a 7' 6" inside radius.

7. Pavers may be placed using the mortarless joint sides.

8. If pavers are used in light traffic situations, sweep sand into the joints to lock them into place. Failure to sweep sand into the joints may allow the pavers to move and result in the concrete chipping at the top edge of the pavers.

9. Paver joints may be sprayed with weed killer to eliminate grass or vegetation growth.

10. If textured sides are used on pavers, approximately 1 1/2" joints may be filled with grout or filler sand, depending on the application. Do not use grout for light traffic loading situations as the grout may pop or crack under the traffic loading.

11. Pavers may be cut to fit special applications with a concrete chop saw.

12. Manhole covers, valve top boxes, or other embedded items may be special ordered cast-in-place.

13. Optional 2' x 2' x 2 1/2" form is available with a 1' x 1' joint pattern for specialized edging which may be easily cut to fit in customized applications.

